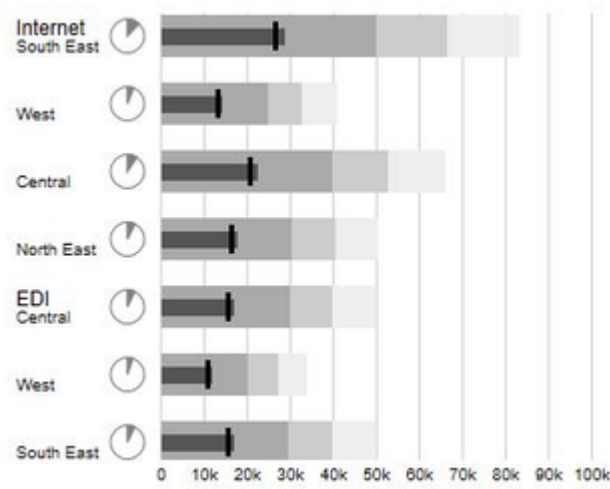


User Manual for the graphomate bullet graphs for SAP Lumira



Version 1.4 – as of Jan 2017

<https://www.graphomate.com>



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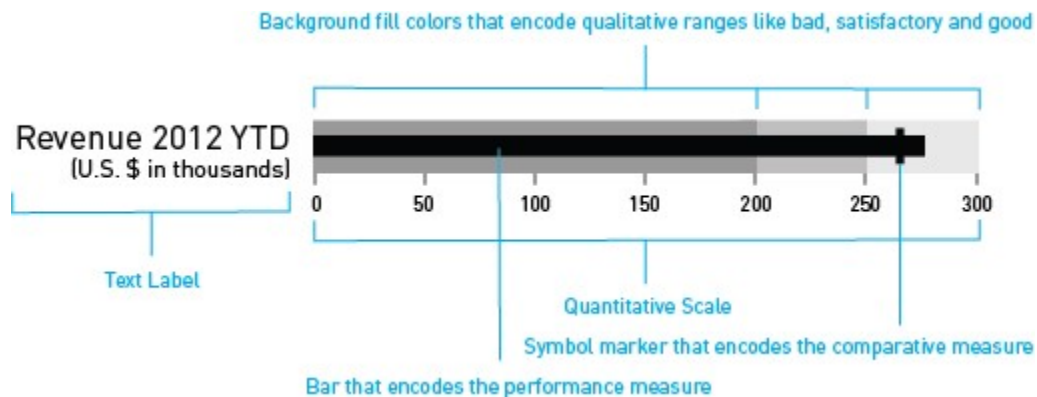
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Introduction

Bullet Graphs – the alternative to tachometers and thermometers

A *bullet graph* is a variation of a bar graph developed by Stephen Few middle of the last decade. Seemingly inspired by the traditional thermometer charts and progress bars found in many dashboards, the *bullet graph* serves as a replacement for dashboard gauges and meters. Bullet graphs were developed to overcome the fundamental issues of gauges and meters: they typically display too little information, require too much space, and are cluttered with useless and distracting decoration.

The *bullet graph* features a single Performance Measure (e.g. current year-to-date revenue), compares that measure to one or more other measures to enrich its meaning (for example, compared to a target), and displays it in the context of Qualitative Ranges of performance, such as poor, satisfactory, and good. The Qualitative Ranges are displayed as varying intensities of a single hue. A quantitative scale and a text label complete the *bullet graph*.



graphomate bullet graphs can be used horizontally and vertically aligned as well as scaled identically. According to the number of dimension members in the query multiple *bullet graphs* are drawn. A *Reverse Quantitative Scale* - for example, for costs representations - can be easily realized.

If the *Qualitative Ranges* are missing in the database, these values can be determined on percentage values based on the second *Qualitative Range*.

Installation

Lumira Desktop

You have installed Lumira 1.30 or higher on your computer.

1. Save the zip file *graphomate_bulletgraphs_1.4.X.X-LM1.30* to a folder of your choice.
2. In Lumira, choose *File – Extensions*, click on *Manual Installation* and select the zip-file which has been saved before.
3. Restart Lumira manually.

After the restart, the *graphomate bullet graphs* appear in the Chart Extensions.

BI Platform

You have installed Lumira Server for BI Platform 1.30 or higher on your server.

1. Save the zip-file *graphomate_bulletgraphs_1.4.X.X-LM1.30* to a folder of your choice.
2. Navigate to *CMC->ApplicationsSAPLumira* and select "Extensions" from the context menu.
3. Follow the instructions to load the zip file.
4. After restarting your Application Processing Servers and the Lumira Server the extension should be listed under *CMCApplicationsSAPLumiraExtensions*.

Now all uploaded Lumira documents should display the *graphomate bullet graphs* correctly.

Quick Start

You have defined a Data Source and now want to depict data series from this query with a *graphomate bullet graph*.

1. In *Visualize* room choose *graphomate bullet graphs* at the *Chart Extensions*.
2. Now 8 so called *Feeds* appear. You can fill them with Dimensions or Measures.
3. To fill the *Feeds*, click on the + symbol or drag and drop a measure or a dimensions directly to the appropriate feed.

KENNZAHLEN

Performance Meas. 1
Kennzahl hinzufügen

Performance Meas. 2
Kennzahl hinzufügen

Comparativ Meas. 1
Kennzahl hinzufügen

Comparativ Meas. 2
Kennzahl hinzufügen

Qualitativ Range 1
Kennzahl hinzufügen

Qualitative Range 2
Kennzahl hinzufügen




Qualitative Range 3
Kennzahl hinzufügen


DIMENSIONEN

Dimension
Dimensionen hinzufügen

Properties




Basically the features of the *graphomate bullet graphs* can only be maintained in the *Storyboard* room. If you have created a visualisation in the *Visualize* room, you can drag and drop this visualisation to the visualisation area in the *Compose* room. If you have done so, the *Visualisation Properties* appear at the right side of the page when you click on the visualisation.

Appearance Tab	  
<p>Font Sizes</p> <p>Set here the font size of the axis labelling (<i>Axis</i>) and the Category Label (<i>Cat. Label</i>). In addition a <i>Font Family</i> can be chosen (out of four available fonts currently).</p> <p>Height of Elements</p> <p>Depending on the orientation of the <i>Bullet Graphs</i> these values describe the height (vertical) or the width (horizontal) of the corresponding elements. The value for the <i>Performance Bars</i> and for the <i>Qualitative Ranges</i> describe the width or height of the very same. The value for the <i>Comparative Markers</i> describes the thickness of them. The <i>Drawing Area</i> value determines the height/width of the drawing area for a single bullet graph. In order to realize a distance between the axis label and the <i>bullet graph</i>, the height of the drawing area has to be larger than the height of the qualitative ranges. The <i>Space between Bullets</i> means the gap between every single Bullet Graph including the axis.</p> <p>Value Format</p> <p>Select the format of the <i>Category Labels</i> according to guidelines of numeral.js – see Appendix.</p> <p><i>Locale</i> sets the label country format in the <i>Basic mode</i>. DE, FR, EN and AUTO are available options. Choosing <i>auto</i> the <i>Locale</i> is retrieved from the <i>preferences</i>.</p> <p>Color Configuration</p> <p>At this point the different colors of the <i>bullet graph</i> can be set; first of all the colors for <i>Performance Bars</i> (1 and 2), in the next section the colors for the <i>Comparative Marker</i> (1 and 2) and finally the colors for the 3 <i>Qualitative Ranges</i>.</p>	<p>Font Sizes</p> <p>Axis <input type="text" value="10"/></p> <p>Cat. Label <input type="text" value="12"/></p> <p>Font Family <input type="text" value="Arial"/></p> <hr/> <p>Height of Elements</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Auto <input checked="" type="radio"/> Fix</p> <p>Performance Bars <input type="text" value="10"/></p> <p>Qualitative Ranges <input type="text" value="25"/></p> <p>Comparative Markers <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <p>Drawing Area <input type="text" value="45"/></p> <p>Space Between Bullets <input type="text" value="30"/></p> <hr/> <p>Value Format</p> <p>Format string <input type="text" value="0.0a"/></p> <p>Format according to numeral.js</p> <p>Locale <input type="text" value="auto"/></p> <hr/> <p>Color Configuration</p> <p>Performance Bar 1 <input type="color" value="#0000FF"/></p> <p>Performance Bar 2 <input type="color" value="#000080"/></p> <p>Comparative Marker 1 <input type="color" value="#000000"/></p> <p>Comparative Marker 2 <input type="color" value="#808080"/></p> <p>Qualitative Range 1 <input type="color" value="#A9A9A9"/></p> <p>Qualitative Range 2 <input type="color" value="#D3D3D3"/></p> <p>Qualitative Range 3 <input type="color" value="#FFFFFF"/></p> <p>Category Label <input type="color" value="#000000"/></p> <p>Axis Label <input type="color" value="#000000"/></p> <p>less</p>

Behaviour Tab	
<p>Display Elements</p> <p>This section controls the labels of the <i>bullet graphs</i>. If the first <i>Checkbox</i> is activated, the <i>Category Labels</i> are displayed. If the second <i>Checkbox</i> is activated, repeating <i>Category Labels</i> will be suppressed.</p> <p>Value Axis</p> <p>This option controls the display of the <i>Value Axis</i>. <i>Always</i> draws one <i>Value Axis</i> for each bullet; <i>Once</i> draws a single <i>Value Axis</i>, which applies to all bullet graphs. This appears at the bottom of the component. <i>Never</i> suppresses the display of the <i>Value Axis</i> completely.</p> <p>Use Individual Scales</p> <p>If this <i>Checkbox</i> is activated, each bullet axis is calculated individually. Otherwise all bullets are scaled identically. While choosing <i>Value Axis</i> option <i>Once</i>, <i>Use Individual Scales</i> is disabled.</p> <p>Reverse Qualitative Ranges</p> <p>This <i>Checkbox</i> controls the display of the <i>Qualitative Ranges</i>. If this option is deselected, they are drawn from the left side (usually the value range minimum) to the input value (or calculated value). If the option is activated, the <i>Qualitative Ranges</i> are displayed in reverse so that the range is drawn from the input value to the value range maximum.</p> <p>Reverse Quantitative Ranges</p> <p>This <i>Checkbox</i> controls the representation of the axis. If this option is activated, the axis is drawn from n to 0, otherwise the scaling is inverted – from 0 to n.</p> <p>Align Charts Vertically</p> <p>This <i>Checkbox</i> describes the orientation of the <i>bullets</i>. If it is activated, they are displayed vertically, otherwise they are displayed horizontally.</p> <p>Display Micro Pies</p> <p>Activating this <i>Checkbox</i> will display a pie chart in front of each bullet graph. This small pie displays the percentage of the primary measure as part-to-whole – the sum of the primary measure. If a total exists in the data source, it is used as a basis for the calculation. If only partial or no sums are available, the total amount will be calculated from the data. The diameter of the <i>Micro Pies</i> can be changed with the option <i>Diameter of Micro Pies</i>. The color of the <i>Micro Pies</i> can be selected with the option <i>Micro Pie Color</i>.</p>	<p>Display Elements</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Category Labels</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suppress Repeating Cat. Lab.</p> <p>Value Axis</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Once <input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Never</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use Individual Scales</p> <hr/> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Reverse Qualitative Ranges</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Reverse Quantitative Ranges</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Align Charts Vertically</p> <hr/> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Display Micro Pies</p> <p>Diameter <input type="text" value="20"/></p> <p>Color <input type="color" value="#333333"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Calculate Qualitative Ranges</p> <p>% for Qualitative Range 1 <input type="text" value="0.75"/></p> <p>% for Qualitative Range 3 <input type="text" value="1.25"/></p>

Calculate Qualitative Ranges

If this *Checkbox* is activated, *Qualitative Ranges 1* and *3* will be calculated. The values of *Percentage for Qualitative Range 1* and *3* are used to calculate *Qualitative Ranges 1* and *3* based on *Qualitative Range 2*. The two missing ranges are calculated by multiplying range 2 by the values entered here. Therefore the first value should be < 1 , as otherwise the bar for *Qualitative Range 2* will be obscured by the bar for *Qualitative Range 1*. Yet the second value should be > 1 , as otherwise the bar for *Qualitative Range 3* will be obscured by the bar for *Qualitative Range 2*.

Info Tab	
<p>Here you can find the version number of our <i>graphomate bullet graphs</i> as well as a link where you may report bugs or propose wishes for new features.</p> <p>A list of all open-source libraries that we used can be found under <i>Credits</i>.</p>	 <hr/> <p>graphomate bullets 0.8.4.0-LM1.29</p> <hr/> <p>Please use this link to submit errors or ideas for improvement.</p> <p>The General Terms of Licence and Maintaining of the graphomate GmbH apply.</p> <p>© 2015 graphomate GmbH, D-Kiel, www.graphomate.com</p> <hr/> <p>Credits </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">jQueryD3.jsNumeral.jsUnderscore.js <p>▲ less</p>

Known Issues

- The BI Mobile App does currently not support Lumira extensions. This is a limitation of the extension sdk.

Number Formatting

Input options for the numeral.js Format String

Numbers		
Number	Format	String
10000	'0,0.0000'	10.000,0000
10000.23	'0,0'	10
-10000	'0,0.0'	-10.000,0
-0.23	'0.00'	-,23
-0.23	'(0.00)'	(,23)
0.23	'0.00000'	0,23000
0.23	'0.0[0000]'	0,23
1230974	'0.0a'	1,2m
1460	'0 a'	1 k
1	'0o'	1st
Currency		
Number	Format	String
1.000.234	'\$0,0.00'	\$1.000,23
1000.2	0,0[.]00 \$'	1.000,20 \$
1001	'\$ 0,0[.]00'	\$ 1.001
Percentages		
Number	Format	String
1	'0%'	100%
-0.43	'0 %'	-43%

source: <http://numeraljs.com/>