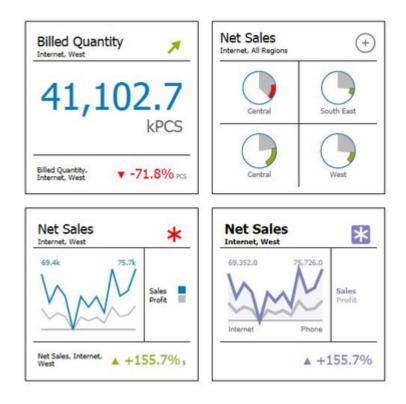
# User Manual for the graphomate tiles for SAP Lumira Designer



Version 2021.2 - as of May 2021

https://www.graphomate.com

# graphomate.

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## Introduction

With the introduction of Windows 8 Microsoft relies on the tiles concept for structured visualization of programs, apps and information on the home screen. Even SAP has taken up this idea, and with SAP Fiori, they have created a simple user interface that is build on this tile concept - adapted to the needs of operational business applications.

It was therefore obvious for us to develop a tile solution for Business Intelligence (BI) – the more so as our customers have signalled a demand. They wanted a start screen for dashboards that clearly represents the key performance indicators (KPIs).

From this highly aggregated view the user should jump – in terms of a pre-defined navigation path – on graphical overviews or detailed table views created with our *graphomate charts* and *graphomate tables* – see Figure below – from starting point to detail

	ng point		2. Overview		-					
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135,8m	.+10,1m	.+8,1%	Cape Factor	1000 - 1200	- h	8	ACT	BUD_	JACT-BUD	JACT-BUON
			and the state of the second se	118 219 10 19599	2 12	Internet	15.4m	15.4m	1+22.24	Ho and
			Deth Base	Language	-111	030	13.9m	13.2m	) - 702 Sk	+0.2%
				AR 1127 4		Phone	17.9m	15.8m	\$+2.5m	13.4%
				2 7 4 2 7		- West	47.1m	44.3m	\$ +2.6m	1-645
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			111 112 House Hous	وي وال الله من الله الله من ا		EDI	70.1m	53.9m	+18.24	
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				1 2 2	pine pine pine	- South East	200.1m	168.7m	-11.3m	-18.4%
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					and and and	• EOI	4.1m	4.1m	-01.2-	1.00
						- North East	22.0m	36.4m	-14.4m	-28.5%
						EDI	47.8m	54.5m	-6.7m 🗮	-12-49-
						Internet	38.2m	41.1m	4144	4.004
						Phone	61.9m	47.0m	-14.5m	-31.0
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						- Summe	417.0m	392.1m	+15.0m	1-6.05

After a first gathering of the customer requirements pertaining to a tile solution it was obvious that there is no single tile that can be used for all purposes: too different were the demands on the visual requirements. The solution had to be a modular construction kit, which allows users to combine different tile modules on a pre-defined layout.

The question remained how to create a uniform design of these modules and the whole tile. Here we were able to draw on the great work of John Armitage: his design proposals for analytical tiles were our aesthetic standard for a consistent style. For further reading take a look at his book "Bringing Numbers to Life: Lava and Design-Led Innovation in Visual Analytics".

# In the sense of a uniform language regulation we speak in the further manual of Lumira Designer or briefly Designer.

For our *graphomate tiles* extension Lumira Designer >= 2.0 SP03 and IE 11+ are required. For further information, for example about the deployment on the Business Intelligence Platform (BIP) or SAP Netweaver, please consult the Product Availability Matrix (PAM). Please note that from 2017, we will no longer support Internet Explorer 9 and 10.

## Installation

- Before opening your old dashboards/BI apps with Designer 2.0, you need to migrate them to m mode with Design Studio 1.6.
  - Our extensions for Design Studio 1.6 will also run in Designer 2.0. When starting Lumira 2.0 Designer, please do not import our graphomate extension from SAP Design Studio 1.6. Instead we suggest using the versions specifically built for Designer 2.0.

#### Local installation of the extension to Designer

You have installed Designer 2.0 SP03+ on your computer.

- 1. Save the zipfile graphomate\_tiles\_2020.4.x\_LumiraDesigner.zip to a folder of your choice.
- 2. In Designer, choose *Tools Install Extension to Lumira Designer*, click on *Archive* and select the zipfile which has been saved before.
- 3. Choose *Finish* to start the installation.
- 4. Choose Next and again Next to confirm the installation.
- 5. Accept the terms of the license agreement and choose Finish.
- 6. Choose Yes to allow a restart of Designer.
- 7. After the restart, the graphomate extension appears in the Component View of Designer.

#### Removing the extension from Designer

In Designer choose *Help > About...* 

- 1. Click the Installation Details button.
- 2. Select the component graphomate tiles 2020.4.x
- 3. Choose Uninstall....
- 4. In the UninstallWizard choose Finish.
- 5. Choose Yes to allow Designer to restart.

#### Server installation of the extension

Users need to deploy the locally installed extension to the BI platform before launching the *graphomate tiles* from the BI platform.

- 1. Choose in the BI Platform Mode Tools > Platform Extensions.
- 2. Select the extension graphomate tiles that is installed on your local computer.
- 3. Choose Install on Platform.
- 4. Manually restart the BI Platform Adaptive Processing Servers that host the Analysis Application Service and accept the warnings in Designer.
- 5. The graphomate extension appears under Extensions Installed on Platform.
- 6. Choose Close.
- 7. Again restart the BI Platform Adaptive Processing Servers that host the Analysis Application manually.

#### Uninstalling the extension from the Server

- 1. Choose in the BI Platform Mode Tools > Platform Extensions.
- 2. Choose the graphomate tiles.
- 3. Choose Uninstall from Platform.
- 4. Confirm the uninstalling by choosing Yes.
- 5. In order to complete the uninstalling process, manually restart the BI Platform Adaptive Processing Servers that host the Analysis Application Service and accept the warnings in Designer.
- 6. The graphomate tiles is then removed from the Extensions Installed on Platform.
- 7. Choose Close.
- 8. Manually restart the BI Platform Adaptive Processing Servers that host the Analysis Application Service.

## **Quick Start**

You have defined a Data Source and now want to depict Data Series from this query with modules of the *graphomat e tiles*.

- 1. Drag the component *graphomate tiles* to the canvas and bind the Data Source to this component via drag&drop. Unfortunately, it is only possible to assign one Data Source per tile (as for all Designer components).
- 2. Now you can configure your tile on the *General/Layout* tab: To do this, first select a layout and afterwards choose the desired modules and drag and drop them to the Builder. The properties for each module are then generated in the background. You can adjust the properties on the next tab *Modules*.
- 3. There you can select via *Displayed Dimensions* which dimensions and measures from the data source should be displayed in the modules. This option is strongly related to the chosen module (some modules do not require the visual display of dimensions).
- 4. Via the Appearance tab you determine the comprehensive number format for the tile.

## Properties

Basically, you have two ways in which to change the properties of *graphomate tiles*: Using the *Standard Properties Sheet*, that shows all the parameters in a structured list or via the *Additional Properties Sheet*. The latter offers a more user-friendly Interface.

The check boxes  $\bowtie$  in front of properties in the Additional Properties Sheet are used to control the visibility of elements and activation of functions. The data source to be used can only be assigned via Drag&Drop to the component or to the Standard Properties Sheet under Data Binding.

By pressing the F5 key, both the range of characters as well as the Additional Properties Sheet can be reinitialized. This is sometimes necessary when changes in the properties are not adopted directly in the character range.

## General/Layout Tab

### Modules

Here you can see a list of all currently available modules that can be used to design your tiles. The range of modules is constantly growing with new releases of the graphomate tiles. A detailed guidance on each module and its options can be found in the description of the Modules tab.

The Lines Module visualizes trends and thresholds with two lines.		3,640.8 5,253.5
The Bullet Graphs Module shows up to five bullet graphs after Stephen Few's concept.	BULLET GRAPHS	South East
With the Pies Module you can visualize percentages and a deviation in a pie chart.	PIES	23,449.0 7,885.0 +1,380.0 Deutschland, Q1, 2015
The Sparklines Module displays up to ten small, individually scaled line charts.	SPARKLINES	Deutschland Q1 2015
The Title Module allows a data-driven definition of two title lines and an icon.	TITLE TITLE Subtitie	New Title
The Column Module shows up to three columns with data labels.		70.0         113.0         219.0           East         Southwest         North
The <i>Column Module</i> displays up to three different measures including category labels and values.		4.0 8.0 5.0 20 20 America Asia Europe
The Footer shows a measure with labels in one line.	FOOTER	Net Sales - ACT, West 47,1ms
The KPI Module visualizes a measure as large number.	крі <b>12,3</b>	147,8m \$
The Legend Module shows up to three items for a color-based legend.	LEGEND Aaaa Bbbb	Billed Quantity, South East, North Carolina Net Sales, South East, Georgia Billed Quantity, West, Colorado

The Bars Module shows analogous to the Columns Module up to three bars with data labels.	BARS
The Stacked Column Module shows a data series as a stacked chart.	Net Sales - ACT, West     47,1m       STACKED COLS     North     120.0       Aaaa     East     460.0       Southwest     270.0
The Table Module displays texts and figures in form of a list.	TABLE AaaaNet Sales/Virginia4,005,923.0Bbbb45,6Billed Quantity/Virginia3,616,662.0
The Waffles Module displays up to two data series as a segmented bar chart.	WAFFLES Absatz Kosten
The Slopegraphs Module visualizes up to three DataCellLists and shows the trend of the ranking of the individual data points.	SLOPES Aaa Bbb Aaa Europe 5.0 SLOPES Europe Asia 6.0
The Icon Module displays a single icon.	
The Text Module displays up to three lines of fully HTML capable text.	Aaaa Bbbbbb Net Sales, South East, Florida 4,376,319.0 \$
Layout Config This switch can be used to select the face of the tile to be configured. Each face has its own configuration. This extends to modules, databinding, layout as well as layout options. However, only a single data source is permitted per tile.	General/Layout Layout Config Front Back

Via mouse click you can choose from currently 24 different layouts that consist of up to three lines and two columns. To set a certain layout just click on the little grey icon; it then turns blue and the available layout slots are displayed beneath. Then simply drag one of the modules above to the desired row or column of the Builder and drop it there. According to the selected module, data connection and available options are generated in the background and displayed on the Modules tab. Please bear in mind that Design Studio allows only one data source per tile. Already selected modules can be moved within the Layout Builder via drag and drop. Assigned data and other settings are retained. Modules can be deleted using the button with the little x in the top right corner of the module icons. Layout Options (Front) Layout Display Options 1 Height of Top Row Depending on the chosen layout different options 3 Height of Bottom Row are available here. Ratios First Row 1.1 For example, the height ratio of the rows to each Ratios Second Row 1 other can be adjusted. (A selection of 1:1:1 results in identical heights of the three rows).) Divider Lines Divider Thickness 1 px For layouts that contain more than one column, there is also the option to adjust the width ratio of 5 Module Padding px the columns to each other. (A selcection of 1:1 results in identical widths of the two columns.) The option Show Divider Lines activates thin dividing lines between the rows of the layout. Adjust the thickness of these dividing lines via Divid er Thickness.

*Module Padding* allows you to set a uniform distance that affects each individual module (green highlight in the figure on the right shows the default setting of 5 pixels). The Padding at this point has no effect on the dividing lines; for this use the Component Padding on the Appearance tab (blue highlight).

Internet Deviation Act. /	Bud. in \$	<b>*</b>
192.521,0		232.502,0
Net Sales	119.005.	.872,0

### **Modules Tab**

Oue to the modular system of a graphomate tile, every datapoint or datalist is andicated with a number. The numbers of 'dataSingleCellx' or 'dataCellListx' in your Additional Properties Sheet can differ to the screenshots in this User Manual. Please be aware.

On this tab, data from the chosen data source can be assigned to the selected modules. The contents of this tab is generated from the modules chosen on the *Layout* tab.

Due to the dynamic nature of the tiles, the available script commands to control the behavior of the modules are generated only after the module selection.

The script commands can be found by clicking on the icon. A popup will appear from which the available commands can be marked and copied with the mouse. Clicking in the Additional Property Sheet outside the popup will let it vanish.

Modules Config	J			
Front Back				
	1.			
	2. 3.			
Scripting for this mo	odule:			
<pre>.setSelection('d '{"Keyfigures": "4"}');</pre>	dataSingleCell2' "OD_NWI_IQTY",	"OD_NWI_CHAN":		
.setModuleProper 5D");	rty(1, "title",	"%5BDIMENSIONS%		
.setModuleProper 5BDIMENSION1%5D:	rty(1, "subtitle in%5BUNIT%5D");	2", "%		
.setModuleProper	rty(1, "boldTit]	les", "true");		
.setModuleProper "true");	rty(1, "absolute	LabelHeight",		
.setModuleProper	rty(1, "wrapTit]	le", "true");		
.setModuleProper Icon Alert Key M Point Added Aver Right Arrow Up]  Harvey Ball 25 75% Harvey Ball	Point Main rage Change Corn Arrow Down Harve % Harvey Ball 50			
.setModuleProper "[Good Color New Color]");	rty(1, "iconCold utral Color Bad	orSelect", Color Custom		
.setModuleProper "#666666");	rty(1, "customCo	olor",		
.setModuleProper	rty(1, "ui5Icon]	[d", "");		
.setModuleProper "[Left Center R:	rty(1, "horizont ight]");	alPosition",		
Displayed Dir	mensions			

By clicking on the dropdown menu, you can choose the Displayed Dimensions from the metadata to be used in the module.

<ul> <li>With a click on , you can select data from the data source to be used with the module. A click on  will delete the selection.</li> <li>To easily identify the assigned data property, its name is displayed in brackets after the dimensions of the current selection (e. g. dataSingleCell2).</li> <li>In certain modules (e. g. Title Module, Footer Module), these can be addressed via a set of wildcards. The following wildcards are available:</li> <li>[DIMENSIONS] – shows all dimensions</li> <li>[DIMENSIONN] – shows the n-th dimension (up to DIMENSION6)</li> </ul>	dataSingleCell2 Title Subtitle Bold Titles ✓ Absolute Label Height Wrap Title Icon Icon Color Custom Color SAPUI5 Icon Id Horizontal Position	[DIMENSIONS] [DIMENSION1]ii None ↓ Neutral Colc ↓ Left ↓
[SCALE] – shows the scaling factor		
[UNIT] – shows the unit	Title	[DIMENSIONS]
[VALUE] – shows the value of a single data cell	Subtitle	[DIMENSION1]i
	Net Sales - ACT, West Net Sales - ACT in k\$	

#### **Bar Module**

North East	2.06m
Central	10.00m
South East	4.38m

Use the *Bar Module* to display up to three different measures including category labels and values. The categories displayed correspond to the selected *Display Dimensions*.

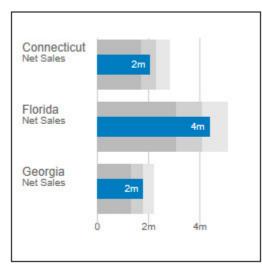
*Max. Bar Height* and *Max. Label Height* govern the behavior of the module when the tile is resized; bars and labels will scale up to the determined heights in pixels

If the option *Absolute Label Height* is activated, the labels do not scale with the size of the tiles; instead the entry in Max. Label Height is used as the font size.

*Scaling Helper* will display a help line at the specified Scaling Helper Value.

*	5. Bar Module				
	Options 💁 ed Dimensions				
Measures $\otimes$ Continent $\otimes$ $\checkmark$					
datas	dataSingleCell7				
datas	SingleCell8		••• ×		
datas	SingleCell9		×		
Max.	Bar Height	30	рх		
Max.	Label Height	30	рх		
Absolute Label Height					
Scaling Helper					
Scali	ng Helper Value	0			

#### **Bullet Graph Module**



The *Bullet Graph Module* corresponds to our graphomate bullet graphs extension. It is based on Stephen Few's conceptual considerations regarding the display of KPIs.

A detailed description of all parameters would go beyond the scope of this chapter. We'd like to refer you to the full documentation of the graphomate bullet graphs here: de/en.

The following options specifically apply to the graphomate tiles:

The option *Start Element* determines the first element in the assigned data series to be displayed.

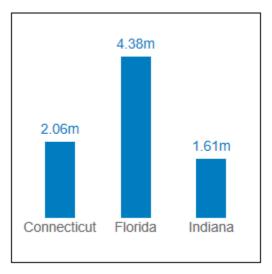
The dropdown box *Number of Elements* governs the number of bullet graphs to be displayed.

With the checkbox *Display Category Labels*, the headers can either be shown or hidden.

Suppress Sums excludes all sums from the selected data series.

2. Bullet Graph	n Module	
ripting Options 💀 splayed Dimensions		
Measures 🛞 Contine	nt ⊗	~
dataCellList1		×
dataCellList2		••• ×
dataCellList3		••• X
dataCellList4		••• ×
dataCellList5		••• ×
Percentage of Lower Threshold	0.75	
Percentage of Higher Threshold	1.25	
Start Element	1	
Number of Elements	3	~
Category Labels	-	
Suppress Sums		

#### **Column Module**



Use the *Column Module* to display up to three different measures including category labels and values. The categories displayed correspond to the selected Display Dimensions.

*Max. Column Height* and *Max. Label Height* govern the behavior of the module when the tile is resized; bars and labels will scale up to the determined heights in pixels

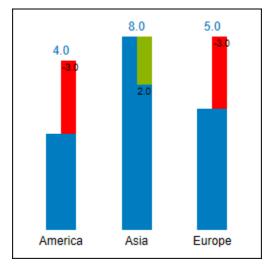
If the option *Absolute Label Height* is activated, the labels do not scale with the size of the tiles; instead the entry in Max. Label Height is used as the font size.

Checking *Scaling Helper* will display a help line at the specified *Scaling Helper Value*.

Category Labels in more than one row are possible with the option *Multi Line Category Labels*.

	2. Column	Module	
Measu	ed Dimensions	nt 🛞	~ 1
dataSingleCell2			
dataSingleCell3			
dataSingleCell4 ×			
Max.	Column Width	30	рх
Max.	Label Height	30	рх
Abso	lute Label Height	-	
Scaling Helper			
Scali	ng Helper Value	100	
Multi	Line Category Lab	els	

#### **Column Series Module**



Use the *Column Module* to display up to three different measures including category labels and values. The displayed categories correspond to the selected Display Dimensions.

*Max. Column Height* and *Max. Label Height* govern the behavior of the module when the tile is resized; bars and labels will scale up to the determined heights in pixels

If the option *Absolute Label Height* is activated, the labels do not scale with the size of the tiles; instead the entry in Max. Label Height is used as the font size.

Checking *Scaling Helper* will display a help line at the specified *Scaling Helper Value*.

If the *Multi Line Category Labels* option is activated, the category labels are wrapped so that they are positioned one below the other.

With *Start Element* you determine the value from which you want to display the values from your data source.

With *Number of Elements* you can specify how many bars are to be displayed. You can display at least one or a maximum of five.

• The color of the labels of the integrated deviations can be changed on the Appearance Tab under *Color Configuration*.

*	4. Column Module	(Series)	
	ipting Options 💀		
I	Measures 🛞 Continent	$\otimes$	~
	dataCellList1		••• ×
	dataCellList2		••• ×
	Max. Column Width	30	px
	Max. Label Height	10	рх
	Absolute Label Height		
	Scaling Helper		
	Scaling Helper Value	100	
	Multi Line Category Labels		
	Start Element	1	
	Number of Elements	3	~

#### **Footer KPI Module**

Net Sales, California	<b>▲</b> +27.8% s

This module is used to display a single KPI (Measure) together with its metadata

If an accompanying *Comparative Measure* is chosen, the deviation between these two can be displayed, either as absolute value or percentage. This can be set with the *Value Display* option.

You can also use the manual input of values (*Manual Measure* and *Manual Comparative Measure*); these fields override the values from the data assignment.

The input in *Text Input* is shown in front of the measure. The metadata from the data source can be inserted in the text fields with wildcards; by default all dimensions are displayed in this module.

The checkbox *Increase is Good* governs whether positive deviations will be displayed in red or green.

*Units* and *Scaling Factor* will display or hide unit or scaling factor from the data source.

Scripting Options 💇 Displayed Dimensions	
res 🛞 Continent 🛞 Co	untry 🛞 🗸 🗸
dataSingleCell7	X
dataSingleCell8	X
Manual Measure	
Manual Comp. Measure	
Text Input	[DIMENSIONS]
Value Display	Measure 🗸
Increase Is Good	
Units	
Scaling Factor	

#### **Free Text Module**



The Free Text Module shows up to three lines of plain text. Wildcards can be used to extract and display metadata.

The input boxes *Text Line x* take one line of text each.

Fontsizes per row can be adjusted with the properties *Fontsi ze Line x*.

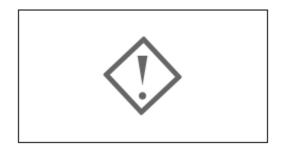
For bold formatting, the checkbox *Bold Titles* needs to be activated.

If the checkbox *Wrap Texts* is activated, texts exceeding the space limit will be wrapped, resulting in several lines of texts. Otherwise, they will be abbreviated with "...".

The dropdown boxes *Vertical Position* and *Horizontal Position* influence the positioning of the text lines within the module.

*	1. Free Text M	lodule	
	g Options 🚮 /ed Dimensions		
Meas	ures 🛞 Continent	: 🛞	~
data	aSingleCell11		••• ×
Tex	t Line 1	First L	ine.
Tex	t Line 2	Secon	d Line
Тех	t Line 3	Third	Line
For	tsize Line 1	15	рх
For	tsize Line 2	15	рх
For	tsize Line 3	15	рх
Bol	d Texts		
Wra	ap Texts		
Ver	tical Position	Тор	~
Hor	izontal Position	Left	~

#### **Icon Module**



The Icon Module can be used to depict a single icon. This can be chosen from 19 predefined SVG symbols or the full set of SAP UI5 icons.

Use the dropdown box *Icon* to choose the desired icon.

*Icon Color* governs whether one of the component-wide colors a an individually configurable color is used. If "Neutral Color" is chosen, the "Text Color 2" will be used.

The field *SAPUI5 Icon Id* allows to insert an icon of the *SAP UI5* library, for example, e00a for a synchronize button. To display the icon, select *SAPUI5 Icon* under *Icon* and write the Icon ID into the appropriate field.

*Max. Size* is the maximal size of the icon in px. If the slot is too small, the icon is reduced in size proportionally.

The dropdown boxes *Vertical Position* and *Horizontal Position* influence the positioning of the text lines within the module.

Please only use the icons from the namespace sapicon://.

dataSingleCell10	X
Icon	Alert ~
Icon Color	Neutral Colc 🗸
Custom Color	
SAPUI5 Icon Id	
Max. Size	50 px
Vertical Position	Center ~
Horizontal Position	Center ~

#### **KPI Point Module**

12.37ms
---------

The *KPI Point Module* displays a single measure. The size of the number is scaled according to the available space.

The options correspond largely with those of the *Footer KPI Module*; in addition, a *Max Font Size* can be set. The size of the displayed number will not exceed the determined font size.

The checkbox *Increase is Good* governs whether positive deviations will be displayed in red or green.

*Units* and *Scaling Factor* will display or hide unit or scaling factor from the data source.

The option *Metadata Below Value* allows to place the additional information below the value itself.

The option *Show As Percent* gives the oppertunity to display a percentage sign in the size and display form of the units.

The option *Replace Null with 0* gives the oppertunity to replace zero values with a 0, if this is desired.

Scripting Options Displayed Dimensions Measures  Continent dataSingleCell5 dataSingleCell6 Manual Measure Manual Comp. Measure Value Display Max Font Size Value Display Max Font Size Units Scaling Factor Metadata Below Value Show As Percent Replace Null with 0	•	4. KPI Point Mo	odule		
Measures (S)       Continent (S)       ✓         dataSingleCell5       •••• ×         dataSingleCell6       •••• ×         Manual Measure       •••• ×         Manual Comp. Measure       •••• ×         Value Display       Measure •         Max Font Size       100 px         ✓       Increase Is Good         ✓       Units         ✓       Scaling Factor         Metadata Below Value       Show As Percent					
dataSingleCello dataSingleCello Manual Measure Manual Comp. Measure Value Display Max Font Size 100 px Value Display Measure v Max Font Size 100 px Scaling Factor Metadata Below Value Show As Percent			$\otimes$		~
Manual Measure Manual Comp. Measure Value Display Max Font Size Max Font Size 100 px Increase Is Good Units Scaling Factor Metadata Below Value Show As Percent		dataSingleCell5		•••	×
Manual Comp. Measure Value Display Max Font Size Max Font Size Measure Max Font Size Measure Scaling Factor Metadata Below Value Show As Percent		dataSingleCell6		000	×
Value Display Measure  Max Font Size 100 px  Increase Is Good  Units  Scaling Factor  Metadata Below Value Show As Percent		Manual Measure			
Max Font Size 100 px  Increase Is Good  Units  Scaling Factor  Metadata Below Value  Show As Percent		Manual Comp. Measure			
<ul> <li>Increase Is Good</li> <li>Units</li> <li>Scaling Factor</li> <li>Metadata Below Value</li> <li>Show As Percent</li> </ul>		Value Display	Measur	re	~
<ul> <li>Units</li> <li>Scaling Factor</li> <li>Metadata Below Value</li> <li>Show As Percent</li> </ul>		Max Font Size	100	рх	
<ul> <li>Scaling Factor</li> <li>Metadata Below Value</li> <li>Show As Percent</li> </ul>	√	Increase Is Good			
Metadata Below Value Show As Percent	$\checkmark$	Units			
Show As Percent	$\checkmark$	Scaling Factor			
		Metadata Below Value			
Replace Null with 0		Show As Percent			

#### **Legend Module**



an be used to display up to three keys need colors.	▼ 9. Legend M	Iodule
) can be either entered manually, or g the existing wildcards. If wildcards	Scripting Options	
ary to assign data first, so metadata	Measures 🛞 Contine	nt 🛞 🗸 🗸
empty the input field.	dataSingleCell13 dataSingleCell14	× 000 ×
ayed can be defined either with the	dataSingleCell15	••• ×
<i>r Key 1 to 3</i> (The colors themselves e Appearance tab.). Alternatively you	Entry 1	New Entry 1
s with the fields <i>Custom Color 1 to 3</i>	Entry 2	New Entry 2
se Custom Color in the fields Color	Entry 3	New Entry 3
	Color Key 1	Data Color : 🗸
ext will format the keys in well, bold.	Color Key 2	Data Color : 🗸
ored squares can be determined with	Color Key 3	Good Color 🐱
xes. If None is selected, no squares keys themselves are colored	Custom Color 1	
keys memselves are colored	Custom Color 2	
	Custom Color 3	
	Bold Text	
	Colored Boxes	Right 🗸

The Legend Module ca together with the assig

The keys (Entry 1 to 3) can be generated usin are used, it is necessa are available.

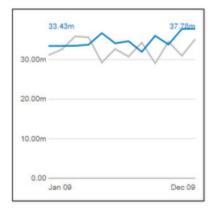
To hide a key, simply

The colors to be displa dropdown boxes Color can be changed on the can choose own colors (for these colors, choo Key).

The checkbox Bold Te

The position of the cold the option Colored Box are displayed, but the accordingly.

### Line Chart Module



The *Line Chart Module* allows the display of two data series as lines (*dataCellListx; second value: Secondary Measure*) and an additional *Fixed Value (dataSingleCellx),* which can be used as threshold value.

The dropdown box *Threshold* governs which measure(s) will be used as threshold value. If a threshold is chosen, the difference area between *Primary Measure* and threshold will be displayed colored. Depending on the selection, either the differential area between *Primary Measure* and *Secondary Measure* or *Primary Measure* and *Fixed Value* is colored.

The thickness of all displayed lines can be changed with the option *Line Size*.

If the option *Threshold Excess is Good* is activated, and a *T hreshold* is chosen, the positve difference area is displayed in green, otherwise in red.

The option *Primary Measure as Area* turns the chart into an area chart.

If activated, *Value Labels* displays the first and last value of the assigned *Primary Measure* at the start and end of the line chart.

*Category Labels* displays the selected dimensions below the axis; this options works analogous to Show Value Labels.

Multi Line Category Labels break a label into several rows.

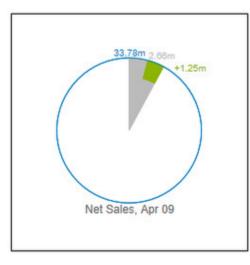
*Value Axis* displays a value axis on the left side of the line chart.

During runtime, *Visible Click Handlers* displays small circles around possible jump points, when the mouse pointer hovers somewhere over the module.

Suppress Sums excludes all sums from the selected data series. As only one data source per tile is possible, this option can be useful if the sums are needed in another module, e. g. the *KPI Module*.

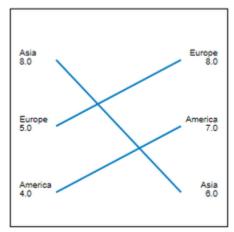
•	1. l	Line Chart M	odule	
	o Options ed Dime			
Measu	ures 🛞	Continent	$\otimes$	~
data	CellList1			*** ×
data	CellList2			••• ×
data	SingleCel	11		••• ×
Thre	shold		None	~
Line	Size		2	рх
Three	shold Exc	cess is Good		
Prim	ary Meas	ure as Area		
🗸 Valu	e Labels			
Cate	gory Lab	els		
Mult	i Line Cat	egory Labels		
Valu	e Axis			
Visit	le Click H	landlers		
Sup				

#### **Pie Module**



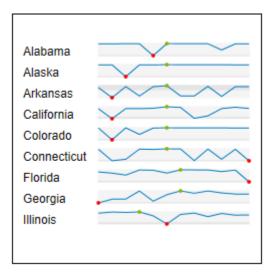
The <i>Pie Module</i> displays a percentage including a deviation.	▼ 2. Pie Module (Single)	
The value for the circle is assigned with the <i>Circle Data</i> optio n ( <i>datasingleCell17</i> ), <i>Arc Data</i> ( <i>dataSingleCell18</i> ) is used to assign the the comparative measure, which is displayed as	Scripting Options	
circular segment. <i>Deviation Data (dataSingleCell)</i> shows a value as deviation from the <i>Arc Data</i> .	Measures 🛞 Continent 🛞	~
The options <i>Category Labels</i> and <i>Value Labels</i> can be used	dataSingleCell17 dataSingleCell18	•••• ×
to enhance the graph with metadata from the data source ( <i>C</i> ategory Labels) and exact values.	dataSingleCell19	×
With the checkbox Pos. Deviation is Good, the interpretation	Category Labels	
of the deviation can be changed; this way, negative	Value Labels	
deviations can be displayed as positive.	Pos. Deviation is Good	

## Slopegraphs Module



The Slopegraphs module basically corresponds to our extension graphomate slopegraphs. It visualizes up to three	<ul> <li>3. Slopegraphs Module</li> </ul>
DataCellLists and shows the trend of the ranking of the individual data points.	Scripting Options 🗹 Displayed Dimensions
<i>Number of Elements</i> limits the entries to be displayed to a maximum.	Measures 🛞 🗸
The entry in Start Element determines with which element	dataCellList10
the display of the slopegraphs begins. If 5 is entered here,	dataCellList11
the first slopegraph is generated from the fifth line, lines 1-4	dataCellList12
are skipped.	Number of Elements 5 ~
Suppress Sums excludes any totals in the data source from	Start Element 1
the display.	Suppress Sums
Trend shows the trend of the connecting lines by coloring	Trend
them.	Negative is Good
Negative is Good inverts the colors of the trend lines.	Slope Thickness 2 px
The thickness of the lines can be set using the <i>Slope Thickness</i> property.	Ascending Order
The Ascending Order option can invert the sorting sequence.	

#### **Sparklines Module**



The *Sparklines Module* largely corresponds to our graphoma te sparklines component. It visualizes up to ten data series as "word-sized graphics". As per default, the *Sparklines Module* uses the full result set as data input; however, with

the button, a smaller selection can be made. Minimum and maximum in each sparkline are depicted as red/green dots. Each individual sparkline is scaled to its own minimum and maximum; the two grey bars in the background of the sparklines give orientation aid where the depicted data is located in the overall data set. In the example above, the data for Arkansas ist located in the upper third of the result set, whereas Alabama and Alaska are located near the bottom.

*Number of Elements* This options governs the number of lines of data that are used to generate sparklines.

The entry in *Start Element* governs the first element in the input data to be displayed. If e. g. a 5 is entered, the first sparkline is generated from the fifth line of data, lines 1 to 4 are left out.

With the option *Category Labels*, category labels in front of the sparklines can be toggled on or off.

Suppress sums excludes sums from the data to be displayed.

*Data in Rows* governs whether the input result set is interpreted in rows or columns.

dataSet     □□□ ×       Number of Elements     3       Start Element     1       ✓     Category Labels       Suppress Sums     ✓       ✓     Data in Rows		
Start Element 1 Category Labels Suppress Sums		••• ×
Category Labels Suppress Sums	3	~
Suppress Sums	1	
Z Data in Rows		

#### **Stacked Column Module**

— South East	200.07m
— West — Central — North East	47.13m 147.82m 22.02m
— Summe	417.04m

Use the <i>Stacked Column Module</i> to display a data series as a stacked chart. The categories displayed correspond to the	6. Stacked Column Module	
selected Displayed Dimensions.	Scripting Options . Displayed Dimensions	
Column Width, Max. Label Height and Absolute Label Height		_
work analogous to the Columns or Bar Module.	Measures 🛞 Continent 🛞 🗸 🗸	
If the option Graded Colors is activated, the stack elements	dataCellList5	×
are no longer colored monochrome with white dividing lines, but as color gradations of <i>Data Color 1</i> (defined on the <i>Appe</i>	Column Width 30 px	
arance Tab).	Max. Label Height 30 px	
If Negative Stacks is activated, and the connected data	Absolute Label Height	
series contains negative values, these are sorted to be at	Graded Colors	
the bottom of the stacked bar. In addition, a small indicator is displayed at the baseline.	Negative Stacks	

#### **Table Module**

Alabama	\$ 316.76k
Alaska	488.50k
Arkansas	113.21m
California	12.37m
Colorado	675.17k
Connecticut	2.06m
Florida	4.38m
Georgia	1.79m

The *Table Module* can be used to display several measures in a tabular form, either as absolute values or percentage (*V alue Display*).

Color Display governs the text color of the table.

The option *Start Element* can be used to determine the first element in the data series to be displayed. If e. g. a 5 is entered, the table starts with the 5th element in the data series; elements 1 to 4 are skipped.

*Number of Elements* narrows the displayed elements to the number entered.

With *Max. Font Size*, the maximal font size is determined; up to this value (in pixels), the text will scale with the tile.

If the options *Units* or *Scaling Factor* are active, the table will show these preceding the first value, provided they are contained in the data source.

For ease of reading, the option *Alternating Background Color* can be used to toggle light-grey bars in the background of every other line.

•	7. Table Mod	ule	
Scripting Option Displayed Din			
Measures 🛞	Continent	$\otimes$	~
dataCellList	6		••• ×
Value Displa	ау	Meas	sure 🗸
Color Displa	ay	Text	Color 2 🗸
Start Eleme	nt	1	
Number of I	Elements	5	
Max Font S	ize	12	рх
Units			
Scaling Fac	tor		
Alternating	Background Co	lor	

#### **Title Module**

Net Sales, Arkansas

The *Title Module* is text component with either one or two rows, and an optional icon.

As described above, the metadata from the data source can be inserted in the text fields with wildcards; alternatively, the texts can be entered manually.

For bold formatting, the checkbox *Bold Titles* needs to be activated.

If the option *Absolute Label Height* is activated, both lines of text use the global fontsizes (Appearance Tab). If the option is deactivated, the text size is scaled down if necessary.

If the checkbox *Wrap Titles* is activated, texts exceeding the space limit will be wrapped, resulting in several lines of texts. Otherwise, they will be abbreviated with "...".

The lcons to be displayed in the right of the module, as well as their color, can be set either manually or via scripting. To choose manually, select the desired icon from the dropdown box. The size of the displayed icons scales with the font sizes of title and subtitle. These can be set in the Appearanc e tab.

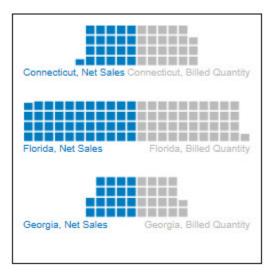
The field *SAPUI5 Icon Id* allows to insert an icon of the *SAP UI5* library, for example, e00a for a synchronize button. To display the icon, select *SAPUI5 Icon* under *Icon* and copy the Icon ID into the appropriate field.

In the dropdown box with the label *Horizontal Position* you can select how the title should be displayed: either left-aligned (standard), center-aligned or right-aligned.

- If Absolute Label Height is deactivated, the option Wra p Title is ignored; also, inline HTML tags will not be interpreted.
- In the icon explorer, the SAPUI5 icon ID could be shown with a prefix for hexadecimal encoding. The id needs to be entered without the prefix; please use e. g. "e00a" instead of "&#xe00a".

▼ 7. Title Modu	le
Scripting Options	
Measures 🛞 Country (	8 ~
dataSingleCell20	•••• ×
Title	New Title
Subtitle	New Subtitle
Bold Titles	
Absolute Label Height	
Wrap Title	
Icon	None 🗸
Icon Color	Neutral Colc 🛩
Custom Color	
SAPUI5 Icon Id	
Horizontal Position	Left v

#### Waffle Module



The *Waffle Module* depicts up to two data series as segmented stacked bars ("waffles").

The option *Values Labels* toggles the display of the underlying values.

With *Category Labels*, category labels can be toggled on or off.

*Number of Elements* This options governs the number of lines of data that are used to generate waffle bars.

The entry in *Start Element* governs the first element in the input data to be displayed. If e. g. a 5 is entered, the first bar is generated from the fifth line of data, lines 1 to 4 are left out.

Suppress sums excludes sums from the data to be displayed.

The option *Axis Alignment* governs whether the bars are aligned with the left component border ("Leftbound"). If "Center" is chosen, the 0-axis is located in the center; in this case, the bars will be drawn from the center to the left and to the right.

With the option *Calculation Base,* the interpretation of the input data as either absolute or percentual is determined.

The value *Units per Box* is only used if "Absolute" is chosen as *Calculation Base*. It is used as calculation basis for a single box in the waffle pattern. If e. g. a value of 4500 is to be depicted, and 100 is specified as *Units per Box*, the bar will contain 45 little squares; an input of 1000 results in 4.5 squares.

The value in *Percent per Box* is applied if "Percentage" is chosen as *Calculation Base*. In this case, the sum of both data series for each pair of bars is interpreted as 100%; an input of 1 results in 100 boxes for both series, an input of 5 results in 20 boxes for both series.

*	8. Waffle Module			
Scripting Optic Displayed Di				
Measures (	Continent	$\otimes$	~	
dataCellLis	t15		••• ×	
dataCellLis	t16		••• ×	
Value Labe	els			
Category L	abels			
Number of	Bars	3	~	
Start Index	1			
Suppress S	Sums			
Axis Alignn	nent	Center	~	
Calculation	Absolute	~		
Units per Box		1		
Percent pe	r Box	1		

## Appearance Tab

<i>Font Sizes</i> In this section, the <i>font sizes</i> used throughout the tiles component can be adjusted. All inputs are in pixels. Likewise, the <i>font family</i> can be changed here.	Appearance Font Sizes Headlines Regular Text Labels Font Family	■ Q 18 px 10 px 10 px Arial ▼
PaddingThe padding defined here affects the space between the border of the overall component and the modules contained within (blue frame in the picture on the right). Thus, it also effects the divider lines between the modules. Individual module paddings can be adjusted on the General /Layout tab.Border SizeThis property governs the border size of the component. If a border size of 0 is specified, no border will be displayed.	Padding Border Size	10 px 1 px
<i>Grid</i> The option <i>Snap to Grid</i> activates a grid function; if checked, the size of the drawing area can only be changed in the intervals determined in the Grid Size input field.	Grid Snap to Grid Grid Size	50 px

#### Value Format

In this section, the format of all value labels is determined:

Basic

Here, you can change the presets for absolute and percentage value according to *numeral.js*. *Locale* changes the country setting. If set to *AU TO*, the country setting will be governed by the data source.

• Extended

If a fixed format is desired for the value labels, this can be done with the extended number format. The resulting format string can be set via scripting as well. See Number Formatting

.0% .0a n \$ \$ \$	% , - 1 1 %	>
n s v	, - 1	> > > >
s • •	, - 1	> > > >
~	, - 1	~ ~ ~
~	, - 1	~ ~ ~
~	, - 1	~ ~ ~
~	· - 1	~ ~ ~
v	- 1 1	~ ~
¥	1	~
	1	
~		~
	%	
	%	
res	et	
	res res res res	reset reset reset reset reset reset

Hover

#### Color Configuration

The general color configuration is defined in this section. In this way, the consistent appearance of all modules in a given tile is ascertained. Adjustable are the colors for *Good(positive)* and *Ba d(negative)* values, two *text* colors and two *Data colors* as well as the color of the *Component Border* which also affects the slot divider lines. The *Component Background* fills the entire tile and the color for *Hover* shows up while hover over the tile.

reset

## **Behavior Tab**

#### Scaling

In this section, the scaling mode can be changed. If set to Auto, each module will be scaled according to the minima and maxima of the selected module; scaling will usually start at 0. The setting Manual enables you to enter particular minimum and maximum values.

If the scaling is set to Auto, the tile can be registered in a Comparison Group by activating the checkbox. If active, the Comparison Group will govern scaling; all components within this comparison group will be scaled identically and an indicator of the comparison group is shown during design time.

Within the BIApp, comparison groups are used globally, i. e. graphomate tables, graphomate charts and graphomate bulletgraphs which are part of the same comparison group will be scaled identically.

Note: pie modules are scaled according to their surface and are not compatible to other modules and or components within the same Comparison Group. Therefore It is advisable to use a separate Comparison Group for tiles containing pie modules.

#### Flip Effect

In this section, the flip effect of the tile can be configured.

The control element beneath can be used to select the desired flip action.

*Flip Duration* governs the animation duration in milliseconds. If e. g. a 1000 is entered, the animation will last for one second.

If the flip effect should only be triggered on a specific module, this can be realized with a small script in the *On Component Selected* event:

if (GRAPHOMATETILE\_1.
getSelectedModule() == 1)
{GRAPHOMATETILE\_1.toggleFlip();}

	<u>م</u>	/	•		-		Q
Behavior							
Scaling							_
Auto	Manual						_
Compari	ison Gro	up					_
None	A B	CI	DE	F	G	Η	_
Manual	Scale Ma	aximun	n	150	)		
Manual	Scale Mi	inimum		-15	0		
				_	_		

Flip Effect
None Click Double Click Hover
Flip Duration 250 ms

## Server Tab

#### Server Configuration

Here you can enter the *Server URL* to which the component should connect and from which it should retrieve the templates.

If you have specified the URL to the server, a check mark indicates that a connection could be established.

If another server is used later, you can also press the button next to the Save button and edit the *Serv er URL*.

The hyperlink below the buttons allows you to jump to the admin panel.

#### Templating Configuration

If the current settings are to be saved as a template, a new template name can be entered in the input field with the name *Create Template* and confirmed by clicking the *Save current State* button. If the naming convention entered is correct, the template is saved on the server and a toast with the corresponding message is displayed in the lower part of the Additional Property Sheet. However, if the name entered does not meet the expected naming conventions, a toast with the permitted characters is displayed accordingly.

Templates stored on the server can be retrieved and applied via the Template List. Just select the desired template and press the *Apply* button. If you want to delete a template, select the template in the list and press the *Delete* button. If changes have been made to the templates on the server side, the list must be updated via the *Refresh List* b utton. Changes should then be visible.

#### See Server Properties.

	erver Configuration
	Server URL
	Save 🧷
Te	emplating Configuration
	Create Template
	Create Template Name
	Name
	Name Save current State

## Search Tab

#### Search Tab

At this point you can search for the name, function or group of a property which are displayed at the *A dditional Properties Sheet*. The appropriate settings are then displayed directly and can be changed here.

٢		•		Q
ch for Prop	perty			
				_
	Ch for Prop	ch for Property	ch for Property	

## Info Popup and Server Connection Indicator

This section contains information about the installed version of *graphomate tiles* as well as a link to a feedback form on our website.

The Credits contains an overview of the used libraries.

The icon next to the Info Popup button will indicate if the connection to the *graphomate server* is successful. In this case it will be in green color. Else it will be grey.

graph	nomate II tiles 🔊 🧃
-	Version 2.1.0.0 Build: 201808061300
Sea	Please use this link to submit errors or ideas for improvement.
[	The General Terms of Licence and Maintaining of the graphomate GmbH apply.
	© 2018 graphomate GmbH, D-Kiel, www.graphomate.com
	Credits more

# Number Formatting

## Possible Input for The numeral.js Format String

Floating point		
Number	Format String	Output
10000	'0,0.0000'	10.000,0000
10000.23	'0,0'	10
-10000	'0,0.0'	-10.000,0
-0.23	'.00'	-,23
-0.23	'(.00)'	(,23)
0.23	'0.00000'	0,23000
0.23	'0.0[0000]'	0,23
1230974	'0.0a'	1,2m
1460	'0 a'	1 k
1	'00'	1 <sup>st</sup>
Currency		
Number	Format String	Output
1.000.234	'\$0,0.00'	\$1.000,23
1000.2	0,0[.]00 \$'	1.000,20 \$
1001	'\$ 0,0[.]00'	\$ 1.001
Percentage		
Number	Format String	Output
1	'0%'	100%
-0.43	'0 %'	-43%

Source

#### Possible Input for The Extended Number Format String

Percentages and absolute numbers are formatted separately. For this two format strings are used, which follow the same rules and structure. In general the strings of characters in the format string are simply replaced in the input number. Exceptions to this rule would be scaling factors and the number of decimal places.

The elements of the format string are separated by the "|" character. Format strings with less than 7 elements (or 6 "|" characters) are considered invalid and therefore ignored. In this case the standard format without scaling and with one position after the decimal point is used.

The format string consists of the following elements, the ordering is obligatory and cannot be changed: *Negative*|*Prefix*|*Thousands*|*Decimal*|*Scaling*|*PointsAfterDecimal*|*Suffix* 

N g a ti ve	The prefix for negative numbers. The string "()" will result in the number placed inside parentheses, including eventual prefixes and suffixes. If <i>None</i> is used, the absolute number will be shown.
P r e fix	A prefixed string of characters, for example a currency symbol or an identifier for the scaling factor.
T h u s a n ds	A separator for thousands.
D e ci m al	A separator for the decimal places.
S c al ing	The scaling factor for the value. This can be given as a whole number or a power, formatted as <i>n</i> ^ <i>m</i> . A whole number will be calculated as a power to the basis 10 internally. In case of a given power the value will be divided by it directly. Even negative numbers are possible, for example "-3" or "10^-3"; in this case the value will get adequately higher. Non numeric inputs are ignored. <i>Please note:</i> given a "0" or a "1" will result in a scaling factor of 1. The only way to achieve a scaling by 10 is to set the input to "10^1".

P oi n ts A ft e r D e ci m al	The number of places after the decimal.
S u ffix	A suffix for the value, analogous to the prefix.

# **CSS** Selectors

#### **Overview of css classes**

The following illustrations provides some of the css selectors, which can be adressed by using the *Costum CSS* in SAP Lumira Designer.

